



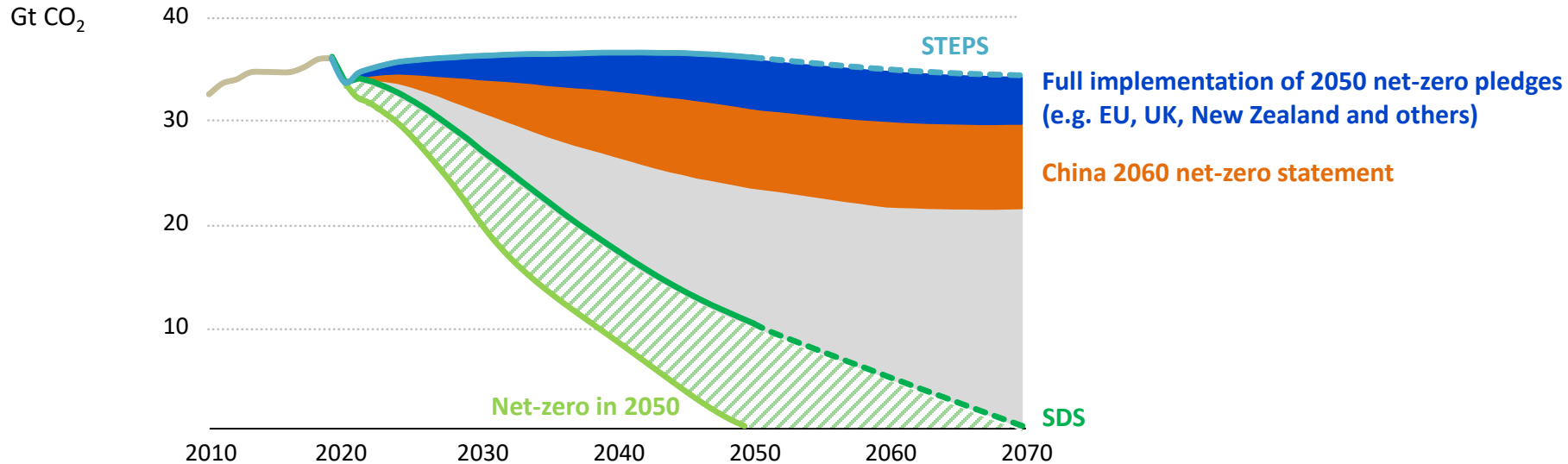
World Energy Outlook 2020

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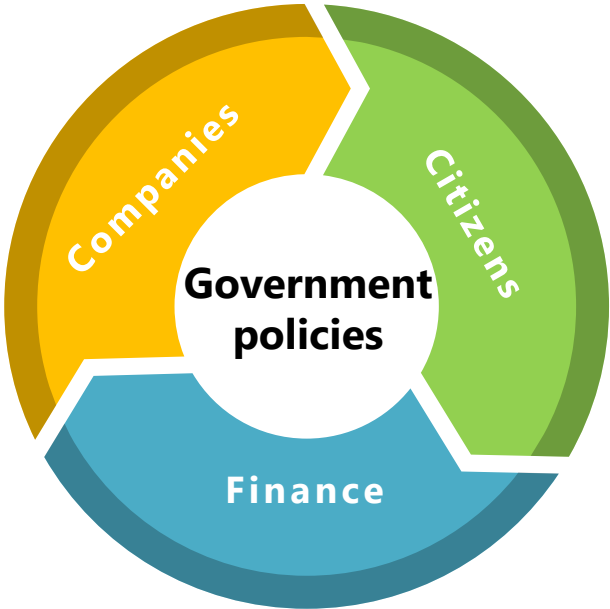
Berlin WEO-2020 Launch

The world is still far from putting emissions into decisive decline



Global emissions are set to bounce back more slowly than after the financial crisis of 2008-2009, but the world is still a long way from a sustainable recovery

Net-zero by 2050 demands unprecedented efforts over the next decade



Hydrogen



Electric cars



Clean electricity investment



Net zero energy emissions in 2050 would require a set of dramatic additional actions over the next 10 years. Energy companies, citizens and investors all need to be on board – with unprecedented contributions to make

Conclusions

- The pandemic will leave lasting scars, but it is still open whether it represents a setback for a more secure and sustainable energy system, or a catalyst that accelerates the pace of change
- Renewables have taken off, with solar leading the way. But a slowdown in improving access to electricity and a risk of under-investment in grids are warning signs for the future
- The crisis has squeezed oil and gas revenues and investment, forcing producers to reassess their strategies to align with technology and policy shifts
- Getting to net zero means ramping up clean technology deployment while continuing to reduce costs, especially through innovation for hydrogen and other low-carbon fuels, battery storage & CCUS
- There are no short cuts; only profound changes, guided by good policies, can deliver a better energy future. This is a choice – for citizens, investors, companies, but most of all for governments